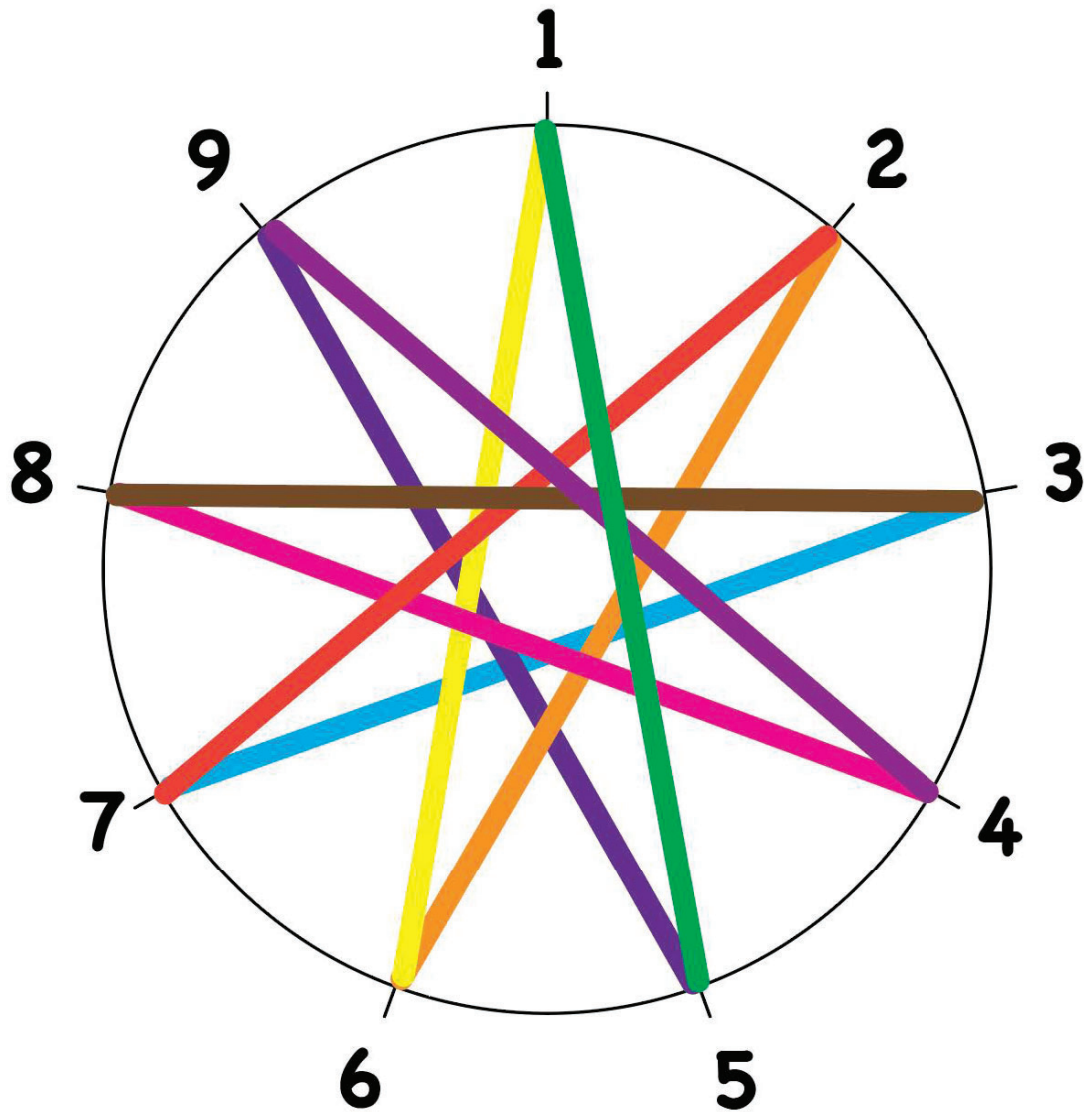


Explore Digit Sums Practice Math Skills



Isabelle Hoag M. Ed.
Director of Education
UnCommon-Core.com

Hello Teachers,

Thank you for downloading this handout. After decades of teaching, now I am sharing some of the activities I designed for my students and some new ones as well.

Please, check out the self-paced teacher education courses on UnCommon-Core.com.

While you are there, sign up for your free copy of **Colorful Collections: A Mindful Exploration of Proper Fractions**.

Also, visit my Teachers Pay Teachers store UnCommon-Core dot com.



Thank you again. All the best,

Isabelle

Isabelle Hoag M.Ed.
Director of Education
UnCommon-Core.com

Teachers,

What do you want your students to gain by exploring digit sums of multiples of numbers from one to nine?

Do elementary students need to:

- Practice addition? YES!
- Practice multiplication? YES!
- Make sense of directions? YES!
- Use math vocabulary in writing? YES!
- Display data in various formats? YES!
- Compare graphic displays of data? YES!
- Contrast graphic displays of data? YES!
- Understand place value? YES!
- Develop number sense? YES!
- Get excited about math? YES!
- Know about digit sums? (Not really, shhh!)

Find parts of each activity that line up with the academic standards used in your school. Focus on these elements when you write learning goals, ask questions, and lead class discussions to reflect on the activity.

Exploring digit sums will grab your students' imaginations. It will give them an authentic mathematical context in which they can apply mathematical skills they need to practice.

Ideas for Additional Activities

Make sure students understand the mathematical vocabulary. Let them work individually, in pairs, or in groups to contribute to a glossary of terms found in these activities. Have students translate the terms into other languages that they speak.

Focus on place value: Invite students to work in small groups. Give each group 4 dice and a blank sheet of paper. For each roll of the dice, students work together to create the largest number from the four digits. Then they decide if that number is divisible by nine (if it has a digit sum of nine). Next they make the smallest number possible and see if it is divisible by nine. Have them take turns tossing the dice, asking questions, and recording. All of the students are responsible for doing the calculations and making the largest or smallest numbers possible.

Focus on how to display data: Divide students into eight small groups that will create displays showing the patterns in the digit sums. Assign each group a number from one to eight. Give them pencils, erasers, colorful pens or pencils, a ruler or straight edge, and copies of page 17.

Post the displays where everyone can see them. Have class discussions to compare and contrast the displays. Make a class list of questions, comments, puzzles and observations.

Focus on multiplication facts: Give each student copies of pages 15 and 16. [Watch Multiples of Nine slide show](#), stopping when necessary to talk about ideas, puzzles or questions.

Digit Sums of Multiples of One

name: _____

Find Multiples of One

$1 \times 1 =$

$1 \times 2 =$

$1 \times 3 =$

$1 \times 4 =$

$1 \times 5 =$

$1 \times 6 =$

$1 \times 7 =$

$1 \times 8 =$

$1 \times 9 =$

$1 \times 10 =$

$1 \times 11 =$

$1 \times 12 =$

Add Digits to
Find the Digit Sums

1

$1 + 0 = 1$

Highlight Numbers that
are Multiples of One

243

876

1,000

1,053

7,462

6,083

5,442

7,702

3,014

40,203

78,600

63,150

Questions to think about:

How can you describe the pattern in the digit sums of multiples of one?

Did this pattern surprise you? Why or why not?

Digit Sums of Multiples of Two

name: _____

Find Multiples of Two

$2 \times 1 =$

$2 \times 2 =$

$2 \times 3 =$

$2 \times 4 =$

$2 \times 5 =$

$2 \times 6 =$

$2 \times 7 =$

$2 \times 8 =$

$2 \times 9 =$

$2 \times 10 =$

$2 \times 11 =$

$2 \times 12 =$

Add Digits to
Find the Digit Sums

2

$1 + 0 =$

$1 + 2 =$

Highlight Numbers that
are Multiples of Two

243

876

1,000

1,053

7,462

6,083

5,442

7,702

3,014

40,203

78,600

63,150

Questions to think about:

How can you describe the pattern in the digit sums of multiples of two?

How can you tell when a number is a multiple of two?

Digit Sums of Multiples of Three

Can be divided by three!

name: _____

Find Multiples of Three

$3 \times 1 =$

$3 \times 2 =$

$3 \times 3 =$

$3 \times 4 =$

$3 \times 5 =$

$3 \times 6 =$

$3 \times 7 =$

$3 \times 8 =$

$3 \times 9 =$

$3 \times 10 =$

$3 \times 11 =$

$3 \times 12 =$

Add Digits to
Find the Digit Sums

3

$1 + 2 = 3$

$1 + 5 =$

Highlight Numbers that
are Multiples of Three

243

876

1,000

1,053

7,462

6,083

5,442

7,702

3,014

40,203

78,600

63,150

Questions to think about:

How can you describe the pattern in the digit sums of multiples of three?

Did this pattern surprise you? Why or why not?

Digit Sums of Multiples of Four

name: _____

Find Multiples of Four

$4 \times 1 =$

$4 \times 2 =$

$4 \times 3 =$

$4 \times 4 =$

$4 \times 5 =$

$4 \times 6 =$

$4 \times 7 =$

$4 \times 8 =$

$4 \times 9 =$

$4 \times 10 =$

$4 \times 11 =$

$4 \times 12 =$

Add Digits to
Find the Digit Sums

$1 + 2 = 3$

$1 + 6 =$

Find More Multiples of Four
Show their Digit Sums

Questions to think about:

How can you describe the pattern in the digit sums of multiples of four?

Digit Sums of Multiples of Five

name: _____

Find Multiples of Five

$5 \times 1 =$

$5 \times 2 =$

$5 \times 3 =$

$5 \times 4 =$

$5 \times 5 =$

$5 \times 6 =$

$5 \times 7 =$

$5 \times 8 =$

$5 \times 9 =$

$5 \times 10 =$

$5 \times 11 =$

$5 \times 12 =$

Add Digits to
Find the Digit Sums

Highlight Numbers that
are Multiples of Five

243

876

1,000

1,053

7,462

6,083

5,442

7,702

3,014

40,203

78,600

63,150

Questions to think about:

How can you describe the pattern in the digit sums of multiples of five?

Digit Sums of Multiples of Six

Can be divided by three!

name: _____

Find Multiples of Six

$6 \times 1 =$

$6 \times 2 =$

$6 \times 3 =$

$6 \times 4 =$

$6 \times 5 =$

$6 \times 6 =$

$6 \times 7 =$

$6 \times 8 =$

$6 \times 9 =$

$6 \times 10 =$

$6 \times 11 =$

$6 \times 12 =$

Add Digits to
Find the Digit Sums

$1 + 2 =$

$1 + 8 =$

Highlight Numbers that
are Multiples of Six

243

876

1,000

1,053

7,462

6,083

5,442

7,702

3,014

40,203

78,600

63,150

Questions to think about:

Can all multiples of 3 be divided by 6? Why or why not?

Describe the pattern in digit sums in multiples of six.

Digit Sums of Multiples of Seven

name: _____

Find Multiples of Seven

$7 \times 1 =$

$7 \times 2 =$

$7 \times 3 =$

$7 \times 4 =$

$7 \times 5 =$

$7 \times 6 =$

$7 \times 7 =$

$7 \times 8 =$

$7 \times 9 =$

$7 \times 10 =$

$7 \times 11 =$

$7 \times 12 =$

Add Digits to
Find the Digit Sums

$1 + 4 =$

Find More Multiples of Seven
Show their Digit Sums

Questions to think about:

Think about this equation: $7 \times ? = 42$. How could digit sums help you recall this math fact?

Digit Sums of Multiples of Eight

name: _____

Find Multiples of Eight

$8 \times 1 =$

$8 \times 2 =$

$8 \times 3 =$

$8 \times 4 =$

$8 \times 5 =$

$8 \times 6 =$

$8 \times 7 =$

$8 \times 8 =$

$8 \times 9 =$

$8 \times 10 =$

$8 \times 11 =$

$8 \times 12 =$

Add Digits to
Find the Digit Sums

$1 + 6 =$

Find More Multiples of Eight
Show their Digit Sums

Questions to think about:

How would you describe the pattern in the digit sums of multiples of eight?

Digit Sums of Multiples of Nine

Are

name:

Find Multiples of Nine

Add Digits to
Find the Digit Sums

Highlight Numbers that
are Multiples of Nine

$9 \times 1 =$

$9 \times 2 =$

$9 \times 3 =$

$9 \times 4 =$

$9 \times 5 =$

$9 \times 6 =$

$9 \times 7 =$

$9 \times 8 =$

$9 \times 9 =$

$9 \times 10 =$

$9 \times 11 =$

$9 \times 12 =$

$1 + 8 =$

243

876

1,000

1,053

7,462

6,083

5,442

7,702

3,014

40,203

78,600

63,150

Questions to think about:

How would you describe the pattern in the digit sums of multiples of nine?

Did this surprise you? Why or why not?

More about Multiples of Nine

name: _____

Find Multiples of Nine

$9 \times 1 =$

$9 \times 2 =$

$9 \times 3 =$

$9 \times 4 =$

$9 \times 5 =$

$9 \times 6 =$

$9 \times 7 =$

$9 \times 8 =$

$9 \times 9 =$

$9 \times 10 =$

$9 \times 11 =$

$9 \times 12 =$

Write the Number in the
Ten's Place

0

1

2

The Ten's Digit and the
Unit's Digit Add to Nine

$0 + \underline{\quad} = 9$

$1 + \underline{\quad} = 9$

$2 + \underline{\quad} = 9$

Questions to think about:

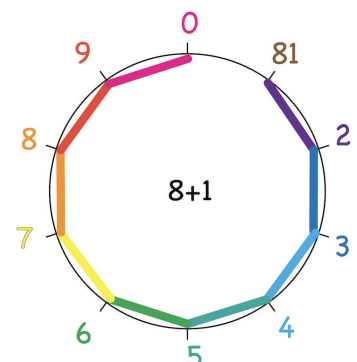
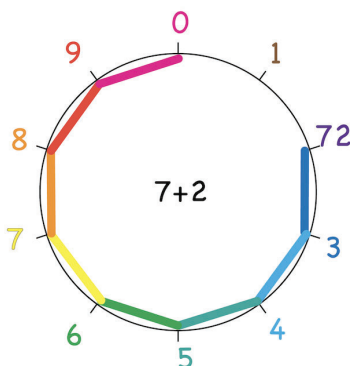
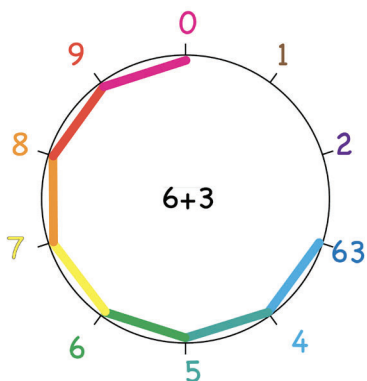
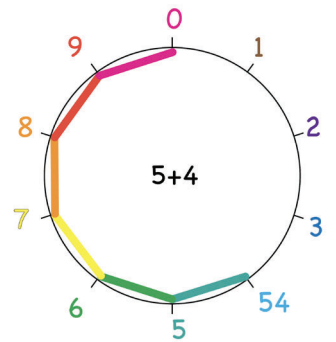
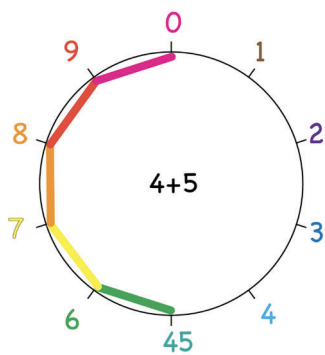
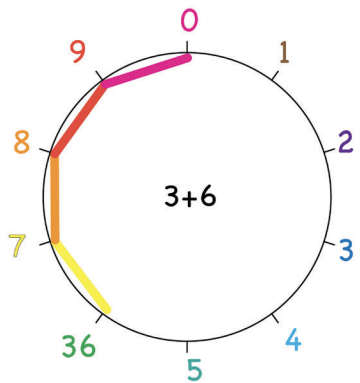
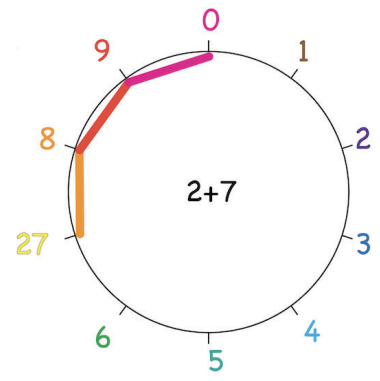
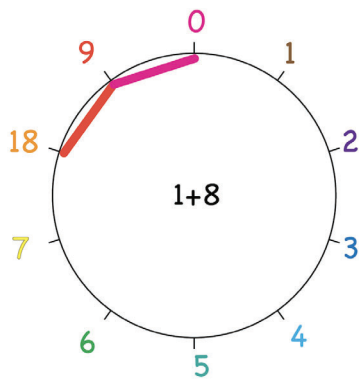
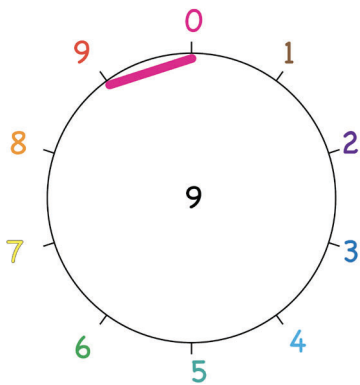
What pattern do you see between the multiplier and the ten's digit in the product?

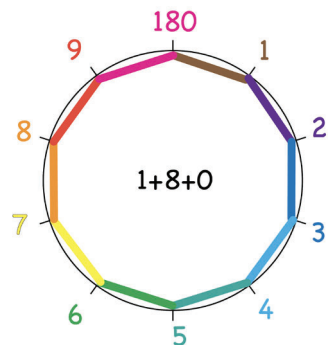
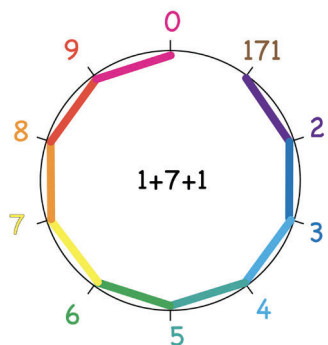
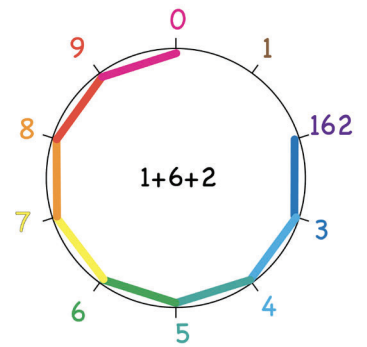
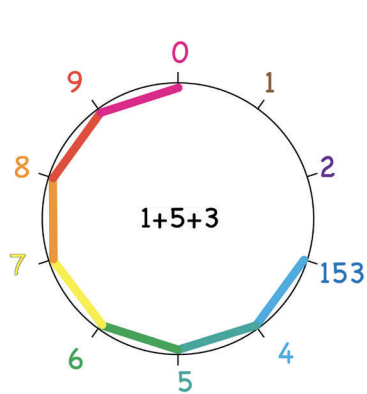
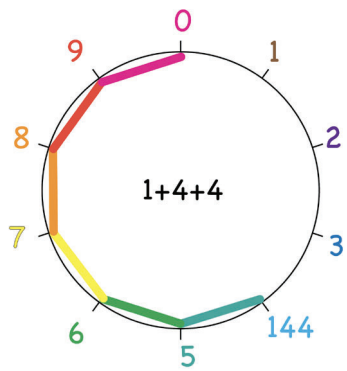
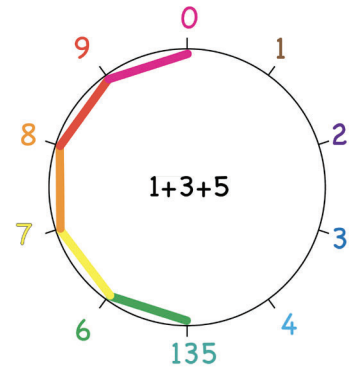
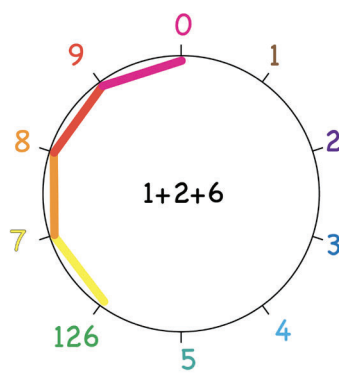
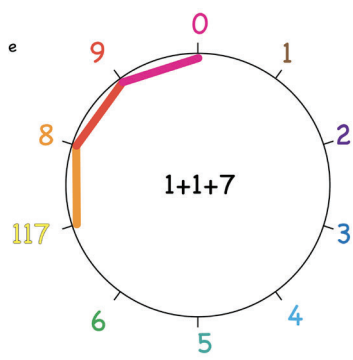
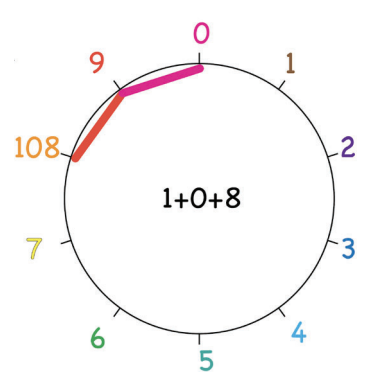
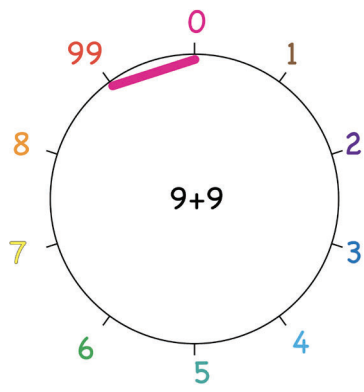
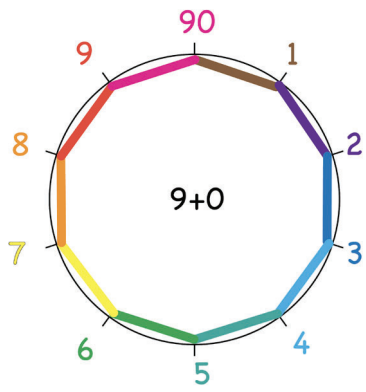
How could this pattern help you remember the nines multiplication facts?

Multiples of Nine Have a Digit Sum of **NINE**

name: _____

Write the multiplication fact inside each circle.
Then calculate the digit sum to double check your work.

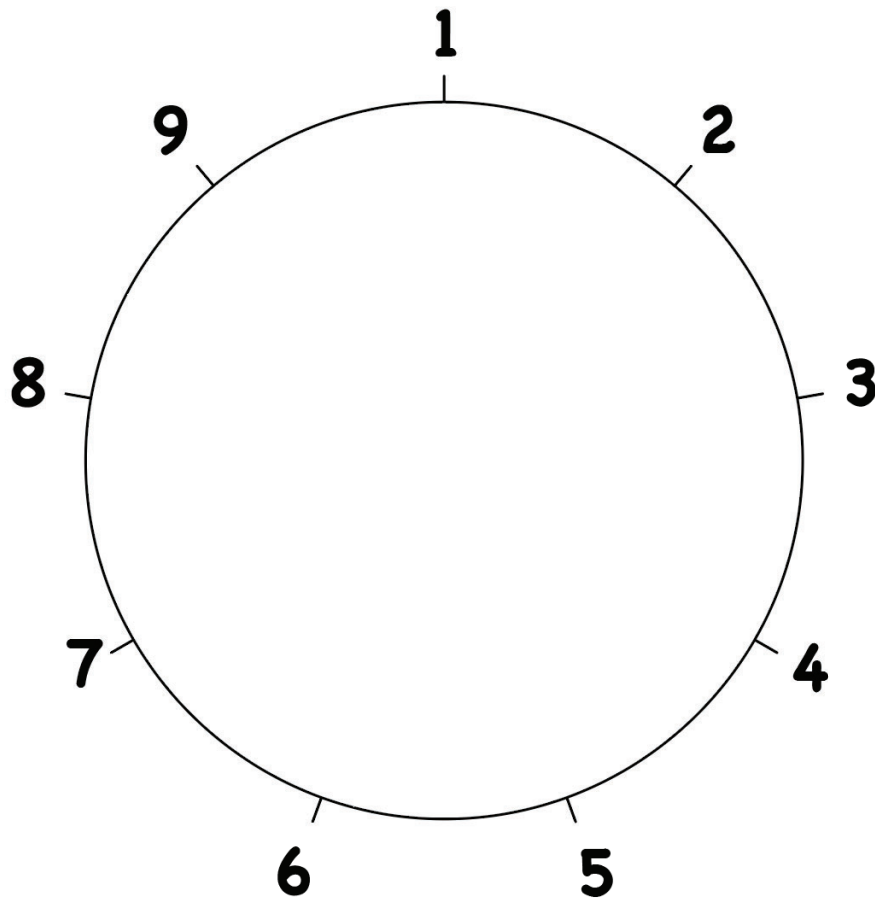




Circle Pattern in the Digit Sums

of _____

by _____



Describe the Pattern:

Digit Sums of Multiples of One

name: **Answers**

Find Multiples of One

$1 \times 1 =$	1
$1 \times 2 =$	2
$1 \times 3 =$	3
$1 \times 4 =$	4
$1 \times 5 =$	5
$1 \times 6 =$	6
$1 \times 7 =$	7
$1 \times 8 =$	8
$1 \times 9 =$	9
$1 \times 10 =$	10
$1 \times 11 =$	11
$1 \times 12 =$	12

Add Digits to
Find the Digit Sums

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
$1 + 0 = 1$
$1 + 1 = 2$
$1 + 2 = 3$

Highlight Numbers that
are Multiples of One

243
876
1,000
1,053
7,462
6,083
5,442
7,702
3,014
40,203
78,600
63,150

Questions to think about:

How can you describe the pattern in the digit sums of multiples of one?

Multiples of one can have any digit sum except zero. The digit sums are in the same order as the numbers. They are in sequential order.

Did this pattern surprise you? Why or why not?

Answers will vary.

Digit Sums of Multiples of Two

Can be divided by

one

name:

Answers

Find Multiples of Two

$2 \times 1 =$	2
$2 \times 2 =$	4
$2 \times 3 =$	6
$2 \times 4 =$	8
$2 \times 5 =$	10
$2 \times 6 =$	12
$2 \times 7 =$	14
$2 \times 8 =$	16
$2 \times 9 =$	18
$2 \times 10 =$	20
$2 \times 11 =$	22
$2 \times 12 =$	24

Add Digits to
Find the Digit Sums

2
4
6
8
$1+0=1$
$1+2=3$
$1+4=5$
$1+6=7$
$1+8=9$
$2+0=2$
$2+2=4$
$2+4=6$

Highlight Numbers that
are Multiples of Two

243
876
1,000
1,053
7,462
6,083
5,442
7,702
3,014
40,203
78,600
63,150

Questions to think about:

How can you describe the pattern in the digit sums of multiples of two?

Multiples of two can have any digit sum except zero. The even digits are in order followed by the odd numbers in order. The even and odd digits alternate.

How can you tell when a number is a multiple of two?

Multiples of two can be divided by two. This means they are all the even numbers. If the digit in the unit's place is an even number, the entire number is even.

Digit Sums of Multiples of Three

Can be divided by three!

name: **Answers**

Find Multiples of Three

$3 \times 1 =$	3
$3 \times 2 =$	6
$3 \times 3 =$	9
$3 \times 4 =$	12
$3 \times 5 =$	15
$3 \times 6 =$	18
$3 \times 7 =$	21
$3 \times 8 =$	24
$3 \times 9 =$	27
$3 \times 10 =$	30
$3 \times 11 =$	33
$3 \times 12 =$	36

Add Digits to Find the Digit Sums

3
6
9
$1+2=3$
$1+5=6$
$1+8=9$
$2+1=3$
$2+4=6$
$2+7=9$
$3+0=3$
$3+3=6$
$3+6=9$

Highlight Numbers that are Multiples of Three

243	$2+4+3=9$
876	$8+7+6=21$ $2+1=3$
1,000	$1+0+0+0=1$
1,053	$1+0+5+3=9$
7,462	
6,083	
5,442	
7,702	
3,014	
40,203	
78,600	
63,150	

Questions to think about:

How can you describe the pattern in the digit sums of multiples of three?

Multiples of three have a digit sum that can be divided by three. The digit sum pattern is 3, 6, 9 repeated over and over.

Did this pattern surprise you? Why or why not?

Answers will vary.

Digit Sums of Multiples of Four

name: **Answers**

Find Multiples of Four

$4 \times 1 =$	4
$4 \times 2 =$	8
$4 \times 3 =$	12
$4 \times 4 =$	16
$4 \times 5 =$	20
$4 \times 6 =$	24
$4 \times 7 =$	28
$4 \times 8 =$	32
$4 \times 9 =$	36
$4 \times 10 =$	40
$4 \times 11 =$	44
$4 \times 12 =$	48

Add Digits to
Find the Digit Sums

4
8
$1 + 2 = 3$
$1 + 6 = 7$
$2 + 0 = 2$
$2 + 4 = 6$
$2 + 8 = 1$
$3 + 2 = 5$
$3 + 6 = 9$
$4 + 0 = 4$
$4 + 4 = 8$
$4 + 8 = 12, 1 + 2 = 3$

Find More Multiples of Four
Show their Digit Sums

Answers will vary.

Questions to think about:

How can you describe the pattern in the digit sums of multiples of four?

Multiples of one can have any digit sum except zero. The digit sums are in the same order as the numbers. They are in sequential order.

Digit Sums of Multiples of Five

name: **Answers**

Find Multiples of Five

$5 \times 1 =$	5
$5 \times 2 =$	10
$5 \times 3 =$	15
$5 \times 4 =$	20
$5 \times 5 =$	25
$5 \times 6 =$	30
$5 \times 7 =$	35
$5 \times 8 =$	40
$5 \times 9 =$	45
$5 \times 10 =$	50
$5 \times 11 =$	55
$5 \times 12 =$	60

Add Digits to
Find the Digit Sums

5
$1 + 0 = 1$
$1 + 5 = 6$
$2 + 0 = 2$
$2 + 5 = 7$
$3 + 0 = 3$
$3 + 5 = 8$
$4 + 0 = 4$
$4 + 5 = 9$
$5 + 0 = 5$
$5 + 5 = 10, \quad 1$
$6 + 0 = 6$

Highlight Numbers that
are Multiples of Five

243
876
1,000
1,053
7,462
6,083
5,442
7,702
3,014
40,203
78,600
63,150

Questions to think about:

How can you describe the pattern in the digit sums of multiples of five?

Digit sums of multiples of five follow this sequence:

5, 1, 6, 2, 7, 3, 8, 4, 9 and then they repeat that sequence over and over. The digit sums of multiples of five follow an even/odd pattern.

Digit Sums of Multiples of Six

Can be divided by three!

name: **Answers**

Find Multiples of Six

$6 \times 1 =$	6
$6 \times 2 =$	12
$6 \times 3 =$	18
$6 \times 4 =$	24
$6 \times 5 =$	30
$6 \times 6 =$	36
$6 \times 7 =$	42
$6 \times 8 =$	48
$6 \times 9 =$	54
$6 \times 10 =$	60
$6 \times 11 =$	66
$6 \times 12 =$	72

Add Digits to Find the Digit Sums

6
$1 + 2 = 3$
$1 + 8 = 9$
$2 + 4 = 6$
$3 + 0 = 3$
$3 + 6 = 9$
$4 + 2 = 6$
$4 + 8 = 12, 3$
$5 + 4 = 9$
$6 + 0 = 6$
$6 + 6 = 12, 3$
$7 + 2 = 9$

Highlight Numbers that are Multiples of Six

243
876
1,000
1,053
7,462
6,083
5,442
7,702
3,014
40,203
78,600
63,150

Questions to think about:

Can all multiples of 3 be divided by 6? Why or why not?

Multiples of six can be divided by three but not every number that can be divided by three is a multiple of 6. Every other number that can be divided by three can also be divided by six. Numbers that can be divided by 2 and 3 are divisible by six.

Describe the pattern in digit sums in multiples of six.

Multiples of six have a digit sum of 3, 6 or 9, but in this order: 6,3,9 over and over.

Digit Sums of Multiples of Seven

name: **Answers**

Find Multiples of Seven

$7 \times 1 =$	7
$7 \times 2 =$	14
$7 \times 3 =$	21
$7 \times 4 =$	28
$7 \times 5 =$	35
$7 \times 6 =$	42
$7 \times 7 =$	49
$7 \times 8 =$	56
$7 \times 9 =$	63
$7 \times 10 =$	70
$7 \times 11 =$	77
$7 \times 12 =$	84

Add Digits to
Find the Digit Sums

7
$1 + 4 = 5$
$2 + 1 = 3$
$2 + 8 = 10, 1$
$3 + 5 = 8$
$4 + 2 = 6$
$4 + 9 = 13, 4$
$5 + 6 = 11, 2$
$6 + 3 = 9$
$7 + 0 = 7$
$7 + 7 = 14, 5$
$8 + 4 = 12, 3$

Find More Multiples of Seven
Show their Digit Sums

Answers will vary.

Questions to think about:

Think about this equation: $7 \times ? = 42$. How could digit sums help you recall this math fact?

$7 \times 6 = 42$ and the digit sum of 42 is six.

Digit Sums of Multiples of Eight

name: **Answers**

Find Multiples of Eight

$8 \times 1 =$	8
$8 \times 2 =$	16
$8 \times 3 =$	24
$8 \times 4 =$	32
$8 \times 5 =$	40
$8 \times 6 =$	48
$8 \times 7 =$	56
$8 \times 8 =$	64
$8 \times 9 =$	72
$8 \times 10 =$	80
$8 \times 11 =$	88
$8 \times 12 =$	96

Add Digits to
Find the Digit Sums

8
$1 + 6 = 7$
$2 + 4 = 6$
$3 + 2 = 5$
$4 + 0 = 4$
$4 + 8 = 12, 3$
$5 + 6 = 11, 2$
$6 + 4 = 10, 1$
$7 + 2 = 9$
$8 + 0 = 8$
$8 + 8 = 16, 7$
$9 + 6 = 15, 6$

Find More Multiples of Eight
Show their Digit Sums

Answers will vary.

Questions to think about:

How would you describe the pattern in the digit sums of multiples of eight?

Digit sums of multiples of eight follow an even odd pattern: 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 9.
It is like counting backwards from eight over and over.

Digit Sums of Multiples of Nine

Are **always nine!!**

name: **Answers**

Find Multiples of Nine

$9 \times 1 = 9$
$9 \times 2 = 18$
$9 \times 3 = 27$
$9 \times 4 = 36$
$9 \times 5 = 45$
$9 \times 6 = 54$
$9 \times 7 = 63$
$9 \times 8 = 72$
$9 \times 9 = 81$
$9 \times 10 = 90$
$9 \times 11 = 99$
$9 \times 12 = 108$

Add Digits to Find the Digit Sums

9
$1 + 8 = 9$
$2 + 7 = 9$
$3 + 6 = 9$
$4 + 5 = 9$
$5 + 4 = 9$
$6 + 3 = 9$
$7 + 2 = 9$
$8 + 1 = 9$
$9 + 0 = 9$
$9 + 9 = 18, \quad 9$
$1 + 0 + 8 = 9$

Highlight Numbers that are Multiples of Nine

243
876
1,000
1,053
7,462
6,083
5,442
7,702
3,014
40,203
78,600
63,150

Questions to think about:

How would you describe the pattern in the digit sums of multiples of nine?

Multiples of nine always have a digit sum that adds up to nine!!

Did this surprise you? Why or why not?

Answers will vary.

More about Multiples of Nine

name:

Answers

Find Multiples of Nine

Write the Number in the
Ten's Place

The Ten's Digit and the
Unit's Digit Add to Nine

$9 \times 1 = 9$

$9 \times 2 = 18$

$9 \times 3 = 27$

$9 \times 4 = 36$

$9 \times 5 = 45$

$9 \times 6 = 54$

$9 \times 7 = 63$

$9 \times 8 = 72$

$9 \times 9 = 81$

$9 \times 10 = 90$

$9 \times 11 = 99$

$9 \times 12 = 108$

0

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

9

0

$0 + \underline{9} = 9$

$1 + \underline{8} = 9$

$2 + \underline{7} = 9$

$3 + 6 = 9$

$4 + 5 = 9$

$5 + 4 = 9$

$6 + 3 = 9$

$7 + 2 = 9$

$8 + 1 = 9$

$9 + 0 = 9$

$9 + 9 = 9$

$1 + 0 + 8 = 9$

Questions to think about:

What pattern do you see between the multiplier and the ten's digit in the product?

When multiplying a single digit number by nine, the digit in the ten's place of the product will be one less than the number multiplied by nine.

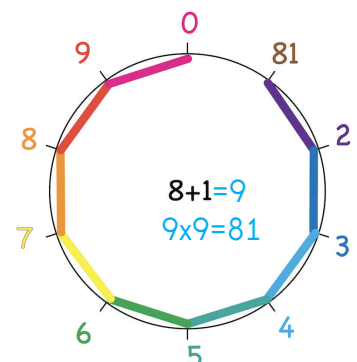
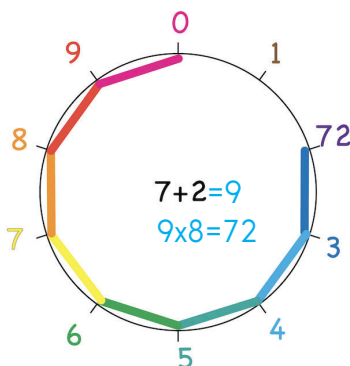
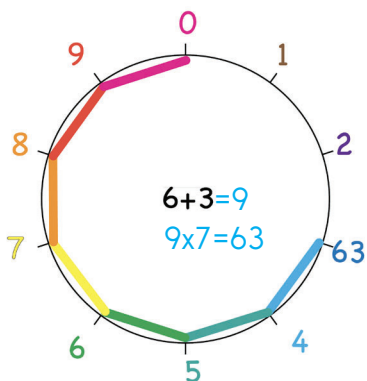
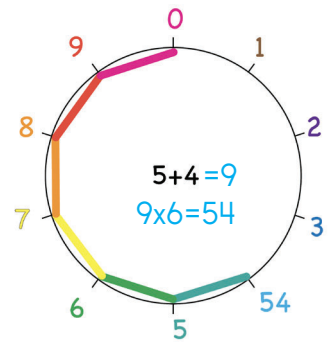
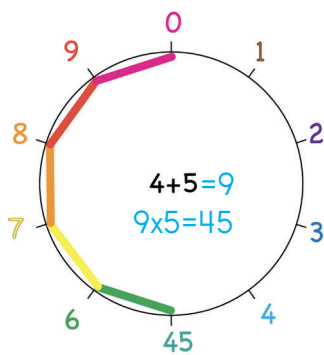
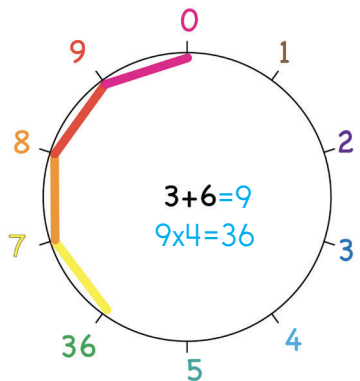
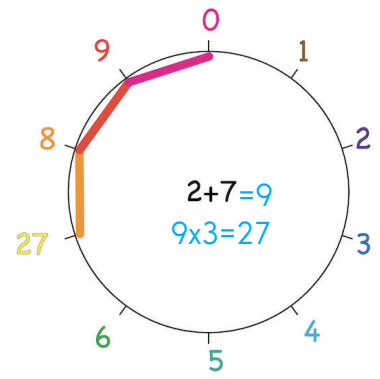
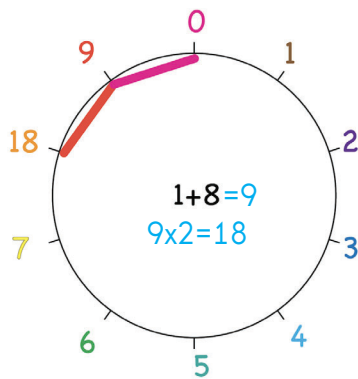
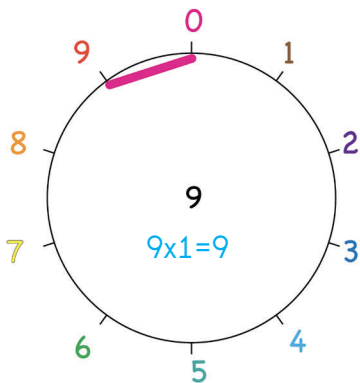
How could this pattern help you remember the nines multiplication facts?

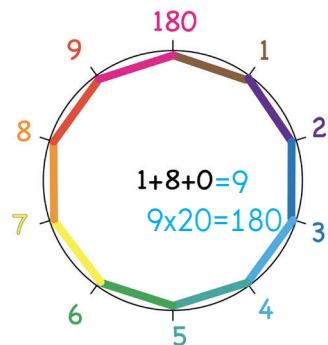
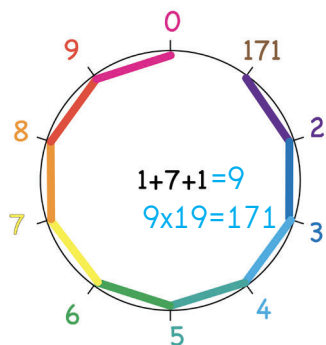
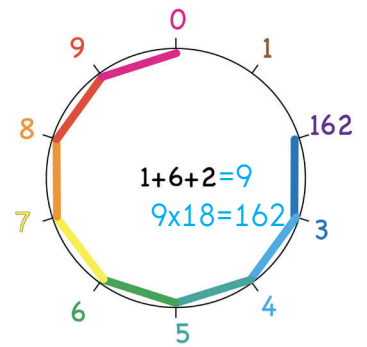
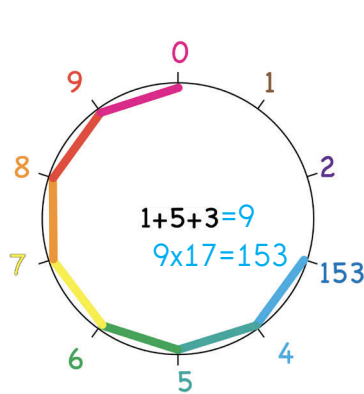
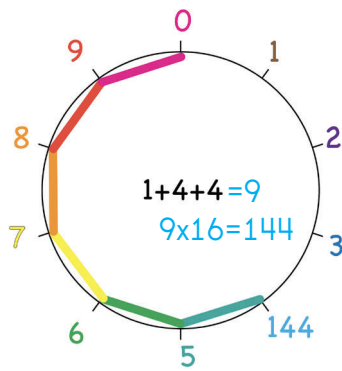
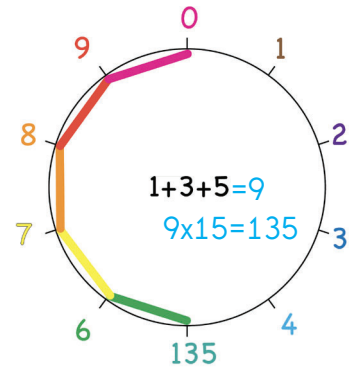
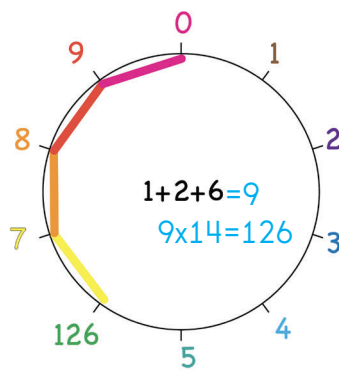
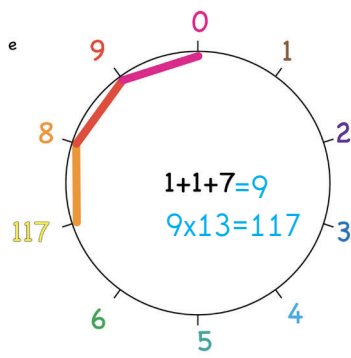
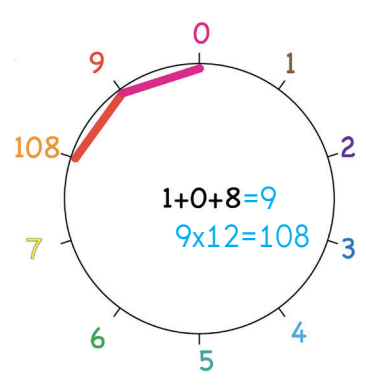
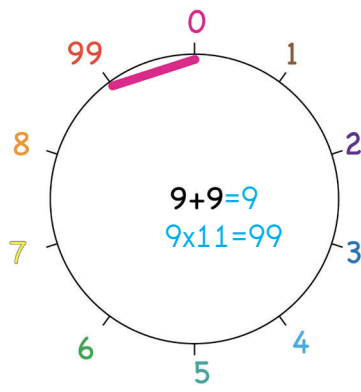
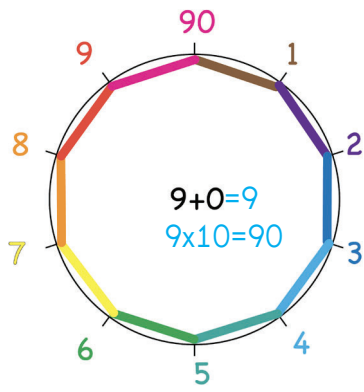
Answers will vary. The ten's digit is one less than the multiplier, the unit's digit when added to the number in the ten's place will make nine.

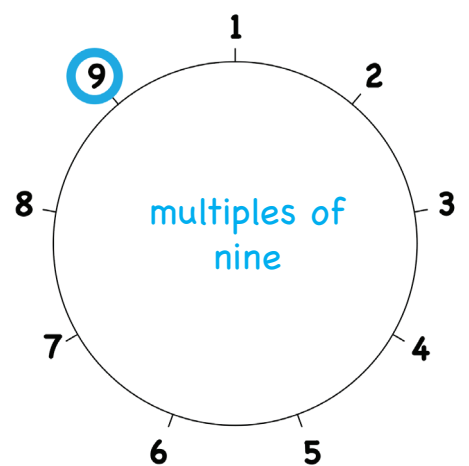
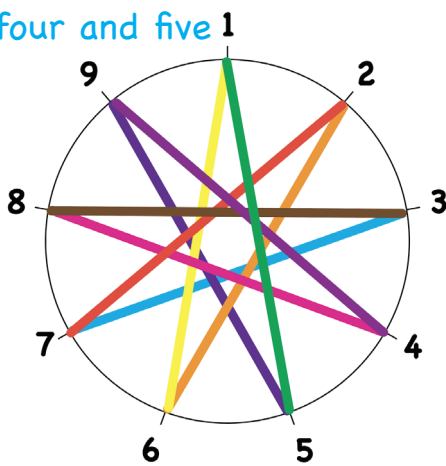
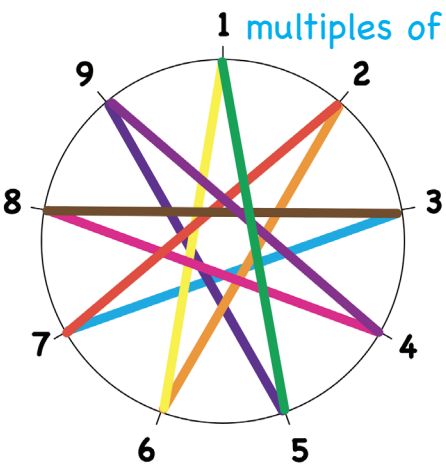
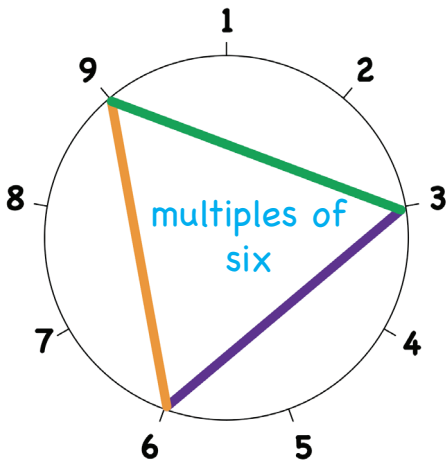
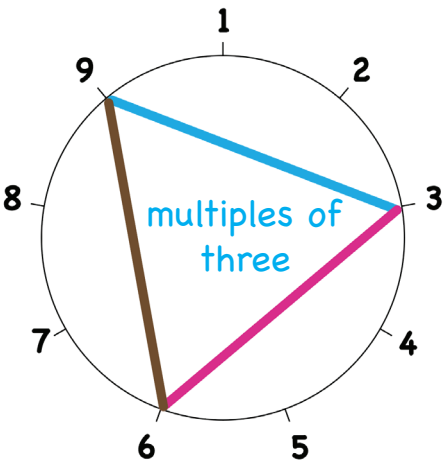
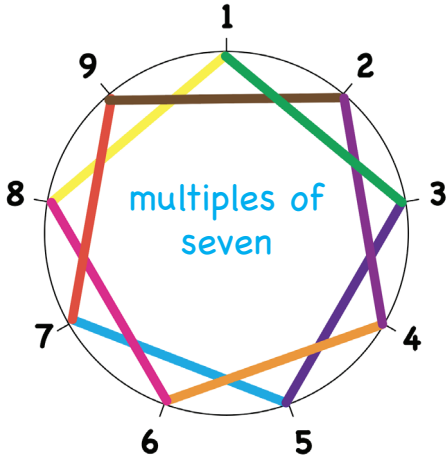
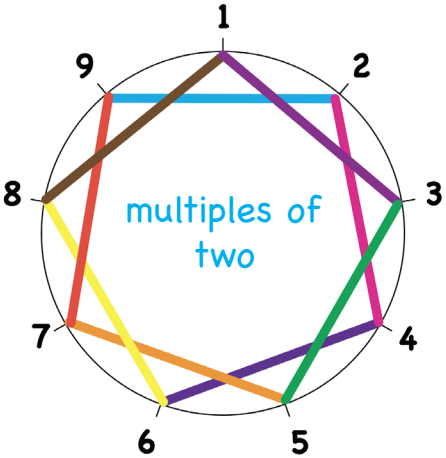
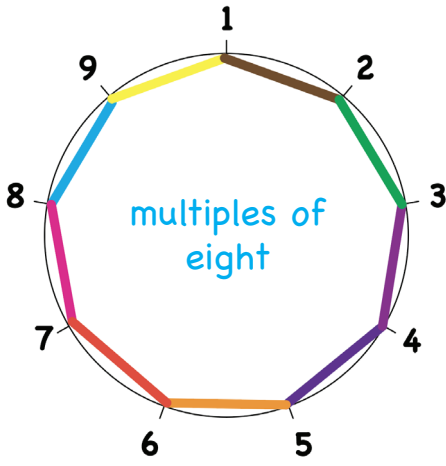
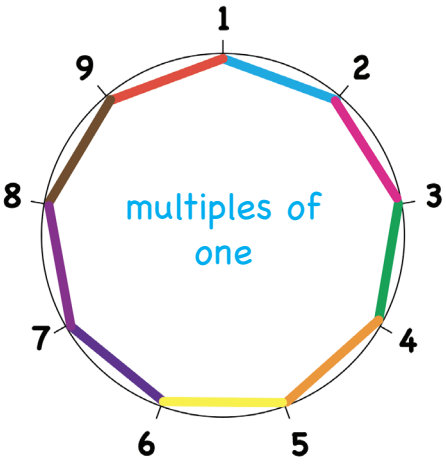
Multiples of Nine Have a Digit Sum of **NINE**

name: Answer

Write the multiplication fact inside each circle.
Then calculate the digit sum to double check your work.







Circle Patterns in Digit Sums Answer Key

Describe the Patterns:

Answers will vary.
They might include:

Multiples of number pairs that add to nine create similar patterns. One goes clockwise and the other goes counterclockwise.

Some have an even/odd pattern.

Others alternate between even numbers and odd numbers.

Most patterns include all the digits from 1 to 9, others don't.

Digit sums cannot be zero.

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